# **Material Safety Data Sheet # 203.15 B** For Printing Inks and related Materials OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Date of preparation:5-29-2013MSDS#:203.15 B

I. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION				
Manufacturer: Gans Ink and Supply Co, Inc.		HMIS HAZARD IDENTIFICATION		
Address:	1441 Boyd Street			
	Los Angeles, CA 90033			
			Health	2
Emergency phone: (323) 264-2200			Flammability	1
			Reactivity	1
			Personal	C
			Protection	
Product Class: UV Curable Lithographic Printing		Manufacturer'	s code: UV14927	7, UV12264
Ink				
<b>Trade Name</b>	: UV Uni-Plas Overprint Varnish			

# **II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

Material	CAS #	%	Exposure Limits Units
Polyester Acrylate	Proprietary	9.0	Not Established
Ditrimethylolpropane Tetracrylate EINECS Nr- 302-434-9	94108-97-1	9.0	Not Established
1,6 Hexandioldiacrylate 315, 317, 319 EINECS Nr- 235-921-9	13048-33-4	7.0	Not Established Xi, R36/38-43,
Nonyphenol	25154-52-3	< 0.30	Not Established
Polyol Acrylate	Proprietary	0.4	Not Established
Glycerol , propoxylated esters w/ acrylic acid EINECS Nr- 500-114-5	52408-84-1	< 14.0	Not Established H319, H317, Xi
2-Hydroxy-2-methylpropiophenon EINECS Nr- 231-272-0	e 7473-98-5	1.5	Not Established
2-4.6- Trimethylbenzoyl -Diphenylphosphinoxid EINECS Nr-278-355-8	75980-60-8	3.0	Not Established H361, H412
Health Hazard	¥.	Dangerous fo	or the environment
No permissible Exposure Limits (PEL/ TLV) have been established by OSHA or ACGIH			
Refer to section 16 for explanation of Hazard & Risk statements.			

# **III. HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION**

**Effects of Overexposure** 

Inhalation: Avoid inhalation. Inhalation of mist or vapor may cause irritation or respiratory tract Acute overexposure may result in irritation of the throat and lungs.

Skin Contact: Avoid skin contact. Contains materials that cause moderate skin injury and/or sensitization. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in contact dermatitis which is characterized by dryness, chapping, and reddening. May aggravate pre-existing allergies or eczema. Those known to be sensitized to Acrylate should avoid all exposure to this product.

Eve Contact: Avoid contact. Can cause serious eve irritation, resulting in burning sensation, tearing, swelling, and redness. May aggravate pre-existing allergies.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May irritate the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

# **IV. FIRST AID PROCEDURES**

**Emergency & First Aid Procedures** 

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water and continue flushing for 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Retract eyelids often. Seek medical attention.

**Skin:** Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated area thoroughly with mild non abrasive soap. Pay particular attention to hair, nose, ears and other areas not easily cleaned. Do not use solvents for cleaning hands or skin because solvents may increase penetration of the product into the skin. Seek medical attention.

Launder contaminated clothing with an alkaline detergent before reusing. Discard all contaminated shoes, belts or other leather goods.

Inhalation: Remove victim from exposure. If breathing has stopped or is irregular, administer artificial respiration and supply oxygen if it is available. If victim is unconscious, remove to fresh air and seek medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to Physician: Aspiration may lead to chemical pneumonitis which is characterized by pulmonary edema and hemorrhage, and may be fatal. Signs of lung involvement include increased respiration rate, increased heart rate, and a bluish discoloration of the skin. Coughing, choking, and gagging are often noted at the time if aspiration. Gastrointestinal discomfort may develop, followed by vomiting, with risk of aspiration.

## V. FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

Flash Point °F: >212 F	Auto-ignition	Auto-ignition Temperature °F: No Data	
Flammable Limits in Air	Lower Limit: No Data	Upper Limit: No Data	
<b>Extinguishing Media:</b> Use water fog foam $CO_{2}$ or dry chemical extinguishing media			

**Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, or dry chemical extinguishing media.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Remove all ignition sources. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and complete personal protective equipment when entering confined areas. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Closed containers may be cooled with a fine water spray. Does Not use a solid water stream as it scatter and spread the fire

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazard: High temperatures and fire conditions may cause rapid and uncontrollable polymerization which can result in explosions and the violent rupture of storage vessels. Avoid the use of a stream of water to control fires since frothing can occur. Dense smoke may be generated while burning; carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and nitrogen oxides may be generated as products of combustion.

# VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE

Steps to be taken in event of spill or release: Remove all ignition sources, as spilled material may polymerize. Move leaking containers to ventilated area. Wear protective equipment during clean-up. Stop discharge, if it can be performed safely, and contain material. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Place in a suitable container for disposal. Do NOT flush to sewer, drains or waterways. Harmful to the environment, should not be released into the

environment.

# VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling and Storage:** Wear proper protective clothing and gloves when handling. Store containers in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do Not store above 40 °C/ 104 °F or excessive cold temperatures, 0 °C/ 32 F. Store in tightly closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, sources of ignition. Avoid exposure to ultraviolet light and/or sunlight. Avoid prolonged contact with skin, eyes, and breathing of mist or vapor. Always wash hands and face with soap and water after handling. Do not use solvents for cleaning hands or skin, as solvents may increase the penetration of the product into the skin.

**Other Precautions:** For industrial use only. Do not ingest. Consumption of food and beverages should be avoided in work areas. Always wash hands and face with soap and water before eating, drinking, and smoking.

# VIII. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Ventilation Requirements:** If vapor or mist is generated when the material is heated or handled, adequate ventilation in accordance with good engineering practice must be provided to maintain concentrations below the specific exposure or flammable limits.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

**Respirator:** Respiratory protection is not required under conditions of normal use. If vapor or mist is generated when the material is heated or handled, use an organic vapor respirator with a dust and mist filter. All respirators must be NIOSH certified. Do not use compressed oxygen in hydrocarbon atmospheres.

**Skin:** Wear chemical resistant gloves and protective clothing. A barrier cream is recommended to be applied on clean hands <u>before</u> applying gloves, not after exposure. A barrier cream alone is not recommended; as it is not impervious to chemicals. Safety showers are recommended

**Eye:** Eye protection is required under conditions of normal use. Wear plastic face shield or splash-proof safety glasses or goggles. Eye wash stations are recommended.

# IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL DATA

<b>Boiling Range °F:</b> 212 – 230 °F	Vapor Density (Air = 1): No Determined
Relative Density ( $H_2O = 1$ ): 1.15	Vapor Pressure (mm Hg @ 68°F): No Data
Material Density Lbs./Gal: 9.61	Solubility in Water: Insoluble
%Volatiles by Weight: < 0.2	Viscosity: Not determined
<b>VOC: lbs/gal:</b> < 0.019 g/L: 2.3	Appearance/Odor: Lt. Yellow Liquid/ Esterlike
	odor.

## X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY INFORMATION

Stability (Thermal, Light, etc.): Stable under	<b>Conditions to avoid:</b> Excessive heat, 40°C/ 104 °F			
normal circumstances and conditions of proper	or cold 0 °C/ 32 °F. Sources of ignition. Loss of			
storage.	dissolved air or loss of polymerization inhibitor.			
	Contamination of incompatible materials.			
Hazardous Polymerization: High temperatures	Materials to avoid: Avoid initiators including			
(40°C/104°F) and oxygen deficient atmosphere	peroxides; avoid strong oxidizing agents, copper,			
reduce inhibitor effectiveness and may cause	copper alloys, carbon steel, iron, rust, nickel, cobalt,			
polymerization, raising the temperature and	strong bases.			
pressure, possible rupturing the container.				
Hazardous Decomposition Products: CO <sub>2</sub> , CO, and other oxides may be generated as products of				
combustion.				

## XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CARCINOGEN: This product has not been identified as a carcinogen by OSHA or the National		
Toxicology Program (NTP), or the International Agency for Research Cancer (IARC).		
Mutagen:	No Data	
Teratogen:	No Data	
<b>Reproductive Toxicity:</b>	No Data	

## Toxicilogical information on the regulated components of this product as follows:

Hexamethylene diacrylate 13048-33-4 Oral (Rat) LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Dermal (Rabbit) LD50 > 3000 mg/kg

Acrylated resin Oral (Rat) LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Dermal (Rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg

Glycerol , propoxylated esters w/ acrylic acid 2408-84-1 Oral (Rat) LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Literature Irritation of skin / Skin Irr OECD 404 0.6 Pll 0-8 (rabbit) Sensitization: No sensitizing effect

2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-phenyl-propane 7473-98-5 Acute Oral LD50 1694 mg/kg (Rats) (Rabbits) not an irritant Acute Dermal LD50 6,930 mg/kg (Rats) (Rabbits not an irritant

#### Subchronic Toxicity

The test substance was administered by oral gavage to rats at dosages of 0, 30, 100, 300 and 1,000 mg/kg/ day for 28 days. The target organ was the liver with findings of increased weight at the two highest doses. Histopathologic examination showed cell enlargement and proliferation only at the highest dose. Hematology and clinical chemistry measurements were not conducted. The NOEL appears to be 100 mg/kg/day.

Diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzol)phosphinoxid 75980-60-8 EINECS 278-355-8 Oral LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) Skin Irr OECD 404 (rabbit) Eyes Irr OECD 405 (rabbit) **Subchronic Toxicity** 

In a 90 day study, rats administered this compound by gavage exhibited scale formation of the ears and extremities, body weight reduction, testicular atrophy, increased relative liver and kidney weights and hermatological changes. No adverse effects were noted at the low dose of 100 mg/kg/day. No nervous system effects were noted at any dose.

Hazard Description: Skin, eye or inhalation irritant

# XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product contains components that are highly toxic to aquatic organisms. Releases to the environment are to be avoided. As with all chemicals and products, **Do Not** allow to enter waterways, sewers, drains etc.

## XIII. DISPOSAL INFORMATION

**Waste Disposal Method:** If discarded in its original unused form, this product does NOT exhibit the characteristics of a RCRA hazardous waste as defined under 40CFR261. Waste materials should be dumped or buried in an approved landfill, or incinerated in a suitable combustion chamber. Disposal must comply with all local, state, and federal regulations. Of the methods of disposal currently available, it is recommended that an alternative be selected according to the following order of preference, based upon environmental acceptability:

- 1) Recycle or rework if at all feasible
- 2) Incinerate at an authorized facility
- 3) Treat at an acceptable waste treatment facility.

# XIV. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Flammability Classification: Combustible

OSHA:<br/>DOT (Ground):Class III B<br/>Not RegulatedIMO/ IMDG (Sea):Not RegulatedIATA/ ICAO (Air):Not Regulated

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations

# XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# SARA Title III Section 313:

This material Does Not contain chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of the SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.

**Section 311/312 – Hazard Categories:** Pursuant to Section 311/312 of SARA Title III, the physical and health hazard categories for this product are identified below:

Fire Hazard –NOSudden Release of Pressure Hazard – NOReactivity Hazard –YESImmediate (acute) Health Hazard –YESDelayed (chronic) Health Hazard –YES.

#### TSCA Section 8(b) Inventory Status:

All component(s) of this product are either exempt or listed on the TSCA Inventory.

## U.S. State Regulations

#### California Proposition 65:

This product contains a chemical(s) known by the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm

Chemical

Toluene

108-88-3

CAS#

Trace amounts

%

## **XVI. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Hazard & Risk statements

H315: Causes skin irritation

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319: Causes serious eye irritation

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Xi: Irritant

R 36/38-43 Skin, eye or inhalation irritant

The information herein is presented in good faith, based on the data available to us and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. However, Gans Ink and Supply Co., Inc. makes no warranty, expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Gans Ink and Supply Co., Inc. assumes no responsibility for any damages of any nature directly or indirectly resulting from the use of or reliance upon the information contained herein. Users must make their own determination as to the suitability of the product for their purpose prior to use. In accordance with good practices of personal cleanliness and hygiene, handle with due care and avoid unnecessary contact with this product.



Safety Glasses Gloves Apron Splash Goggles

